

Name:

Section: 5 6 9 10

1. Determine if each of the following series converges or diverges. You may use the techniques of geometric series, telescoping series,  $p$ -series, divergence test, integral test, comparison test, limit comparison test.

(a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + \ln(n)}{3^n + n}$  behaves like  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{3^n}$

$$\frac{2^n + \ln(n)}{3^n + n} \leq \frac{2^n + 2^n}{3^n} = 2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n$$

Since  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2 \cdot \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n$  converges (geometric  $|r| = \left|\frac{2}{3}\right| < 1$ )

$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n + \ln(n)}{3^n + n}$  converges by comparison

Alternatively, limit + compare with  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2^n}{3^n}$

(b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{\sqrt{n} + 2n}$  try AST.

$$\text{Let } b_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{n} + 2n}$$

(i)  $b_n$ 's are positive

(ii)  $b_{n+1} \leq b_n$  since denominator gets larger

(iii)  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{n} + 2n} = 0$  Type  $\frac{1}{\infty}$

Series converges