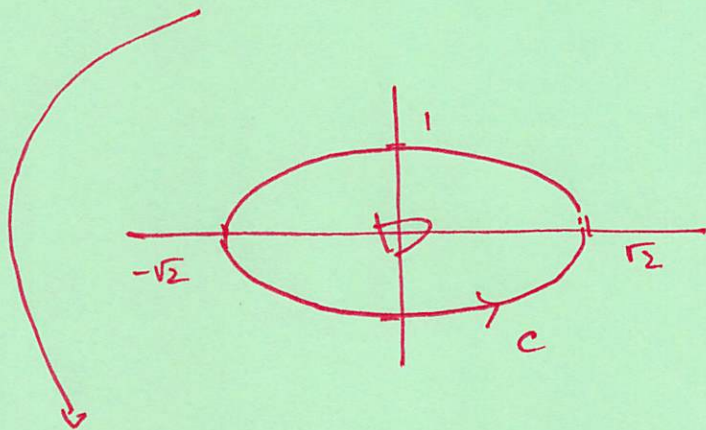


$$\# 16.7.8 \quad \int_C y^4 dx + 2xy^3 dy$$



$$= \iint_D \left[ \frac{d}{dx} [2xy^3] - \frac{d}{dy} [y^4] \right] dA$$

$$= \iint_D 2y^3 - 4y^3 dA$$

$$= -2 \iint_D y^3 dA$$

$$\frac{x^2}{2} + y^2 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{1}\right)^2 = 1$$

$$\text{Let } u = \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}, v = y$$

$$\implies u^2 + v^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{2} u \quad \text{and} \quad y = v$$

$$\frac{d(x, y)}{d(u, v)} = \begin{vmatrix} \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \sqrt{2}$$

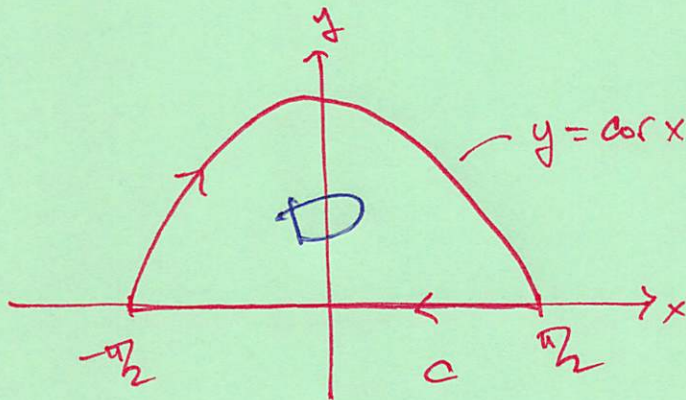
$$\text{Integral} = -2 \iint_{u^2 + v^2 \leq 1} v^3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \, du \, dv$$

$$= -2\sqrt{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 r^3 \sin^3 \theta \cdot r \, dr \, d\theta$$

↑  
full period

$$= 0$$

$$\# 16.4.12 \quad \vec{F} = \langle e^{-x} + y^2, e^{-y} + x^2 \rangle$$



$$\int_{-c}^c \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \iint_D \text{curl} \vec{F} \, dA$$

$$= \iint_D \left[ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} [e^{-y} + x^2] - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} [e^{-x} + y^2] \right] dA$$

$$= \iint_D (2x - 2y) dA$$

$$= \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\cos x} (2x - 2y) \, dy \, dx$$

$$= 2 \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} xy - \frac{y^2}{2} \Big|_0^{\cos x} dx$$

$$= \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \underbrace{2x \cos x}_{\text{odd}} - \underbrace{\cos^2 x}_{\text{even}} dx$$

$$= - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 1 + \cos 2x dx$$

$$= - \left[ x + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$= - \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\therefore \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = - \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

# 16.4.27

$$F(x, y) = \frac{2xy \hat{i} + (y^2 - x^2) \hat{j}}{(x^2 + y^2)^2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \frac{y^2 - x^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \right] = \frac{(x^2 + y^2)^2 (-2x) - (y^2 - x^2) [2(x^2 + y^2) \cdot 2x]}{(x^2 + y^2)^4}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2 + y^2)(-2x) - (y^2 - x^2)(4x)}{(x^2 + y^2)^3}$$

$$= \frac{-2x^3 - 2xy^2 - 4xy^2 + 4x^3}{(x^2 + y^2)^3}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 - 6xy^2}{(x^2 + y^2)^3}$$

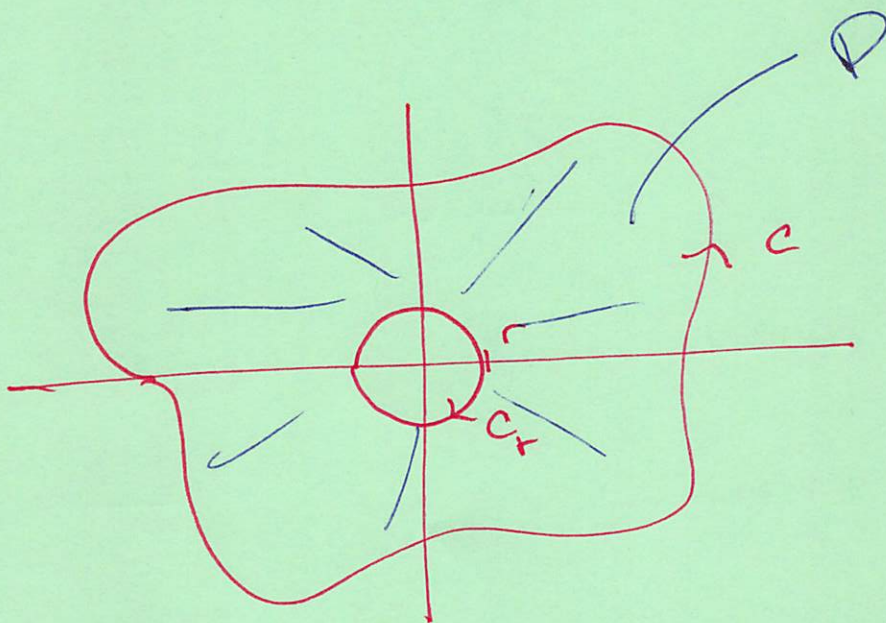
$$\frac{d}{dy} \left[ \frac{2xy}{(x^2 + y^2)^2} \right] = \frac{(x^2 + y^2)^2 (2x) - (2xy) [2(x^2 + y^2) \cdot (2y)]}{(x^2 + y^2)^4}$$

$$= \frac{(x^2+y^2)(2x) - 4xy^2}{(x^2+y^2)^3}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 + 2xy^2 - 4xy^2}{(x^2+y^2)^3}$$

$$= \frac{2x^3 - 2xy^2}{(x^2+y^2)^3}$$

$$\therefore \text{curl } \vec{F} = Q_x - P_y = 0.$$



$$\int_{\partial D} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \iint_D \text{curl} \vec{F} \, dA = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} + \int_{C'} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = - \int_{C'} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_{-C'} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$-C_r : \vec{F}(t) = \langle r \cos t, r \sin t \rangle$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$\vec{F}'(t) = \langle -r \sin t, r \cos t \rangle$$



$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}(t)) = \frac{2(r \cos t)(r \sin t) \hat{i} + (r^2 \sin t - r^2 \cos^2 t) \hat{j}}{(r^2)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\sin(2t) \hat{i} + (-\cos(2t)) \hat{j}}{r^2}$$

$$\vec{F}(\vec{r}(t)) \cdot \vec{r}'(t)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{r} \sin t \sin(2t) - \frac{1}{r} \cos t \cos 2t$$

$$= -\frac{1}{r} (\cos(2t - t))$$

$$= -\frac{1}{r} \cos t$$

$$\therefore \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_0^{2\pi} \underbrace{\left(-\frac{1}{r} \cos t\right)}_{\text{full period}} dt = 0$$