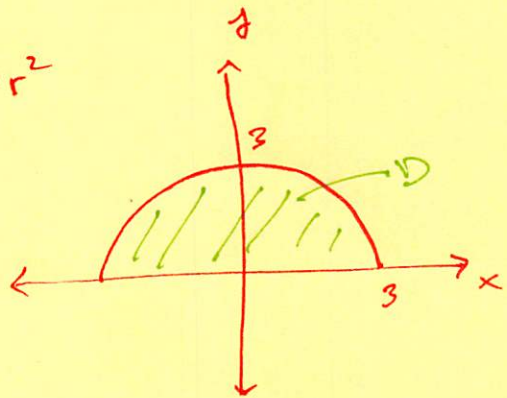
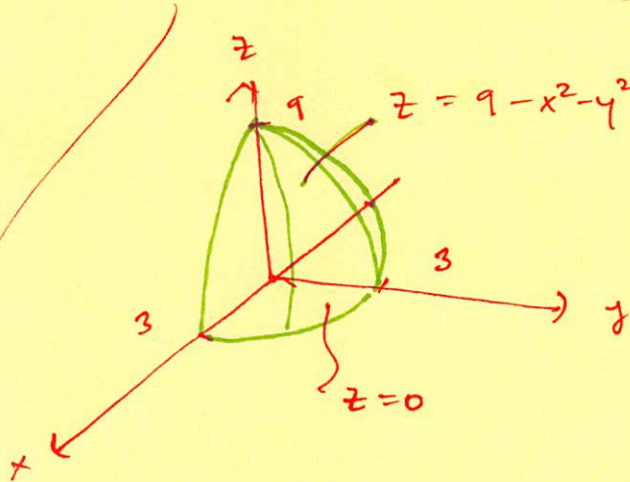


#30. 
$$\int_{-3}^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \int_0^{9-x^2-y^2} \sqrt{x^2+y^2} \, dz \, dy \, dx$$



$$D: \begin{aligned} 0 &\leq \theta \leq \pi \\ 0 &\leq r \leq 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^3 \int_0^{9-r^2} \sqrt{r^2} \cdot r \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \pi \cdot \int_0^3 r^2 \cdot z \Big|_0^{9-r^2} \, dr$$

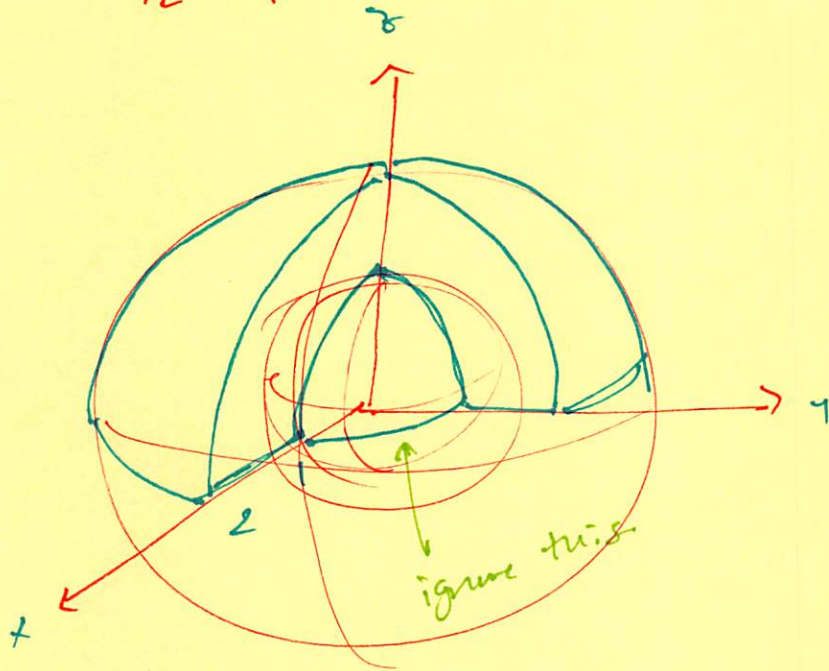
$$= \pi \int_0^3 r^2 (9-r^2) \, dr$$

$$= \pi \left[ 3r^3 - \frac{1}{5}r^5 \right]_0^3$$

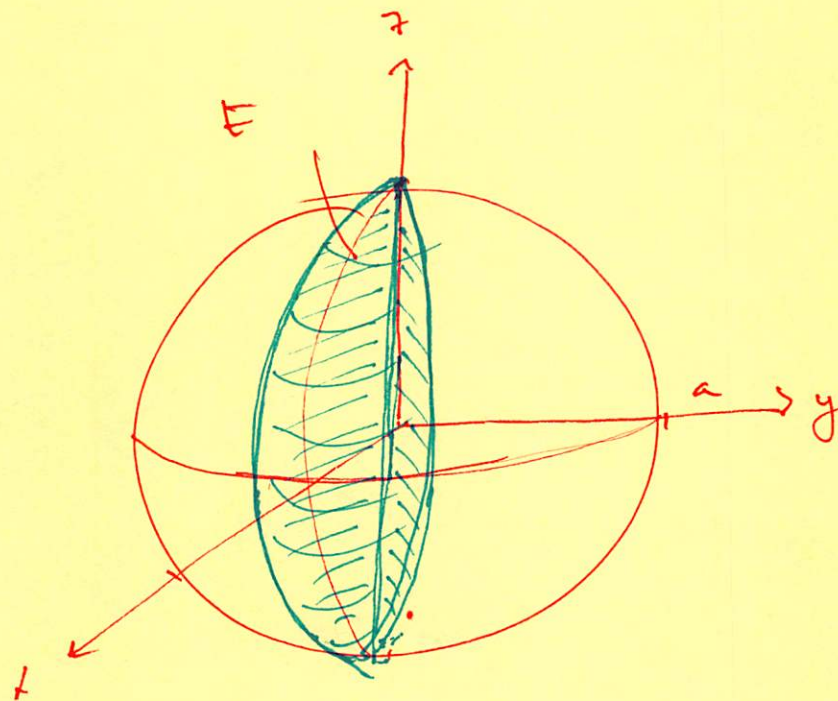
$$= \pi \left( 3^4 - \frac{1}{5}3^5 \right) = 81\pi \left( 1 - \frac{3}{5} \right) = 81\pi \cdot \frac{2}{5} = \frac{162\pi}{5}$$

#20.

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^{2\pi} \int_1^2 f(\rho \sin\phi \cos\theta, \rho \sin\phi \sin\theta, \rho \cos\phi) \rho^2 \sin\phi \, d\rho \, d\theta \, d\phi$$



# 36.



$$V(E) = \iiint_E 1 \cdot dV = \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^a 1 \cdot \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \phi \left. \frac{\rho^3}{3} \right|_0^a \, d\phi$$

$$= \frac{\pi a^3}{18} \left[ -\cos \phi \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$= \frac{\pi a^3}{18} (1 + 1)$$

$$= \frac{\pi a^3}{9}$$