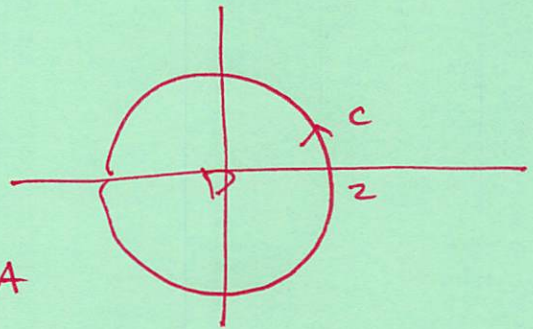


$$\#2. \oint_C y \, dx - x \, dy$$



$$= \iint_D \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(-x) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(y) \, dA$$

$$= \iint_D -1 - 1 \, dA$$

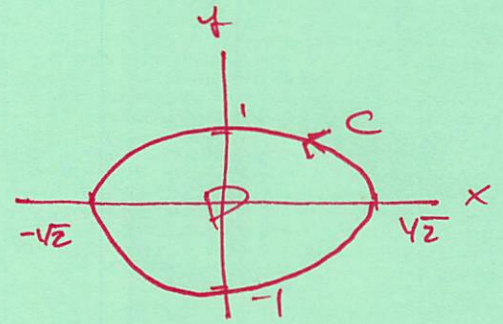
$$= -2 \cdot \iint_D 1 \, dA$$

$$= -2 \cdot A(D)$$

$$= -2 \cdot \pi (2)^2$$

$$= -8\pi$$

$$\# 8. \int_C y^4 dx + 2xy^3 dy$$



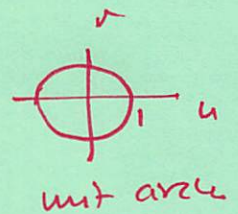
$$= \iint_D \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (2xy^3) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (y^4) \right) dA$$

$$= \iint_D 2y^3 - 4y^3 dA = \iint_D -2y^3 dA$$

$$1 = \frac{x^2}{2} + y^2 = \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + (y)^2 = u^2 + v^2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \sqrt{2}u \quad \text{and} \quad y = v$$

$$\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} = \begin{vmatrix} \sqrt{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \sqrt{2}$$



$$= \iint_{u^2+v^2 \leq 1} -2v^3 \cdot |\sqrt{2}| du dv$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 -2(r \sin \theta)^3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot r dr d\theta$$



$$= -2\sqrt{2} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 r^4 \sin^3 \theta \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= -2\sqrt{2} \cdot \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^3 \theta \, d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 r^4 \, dr$$

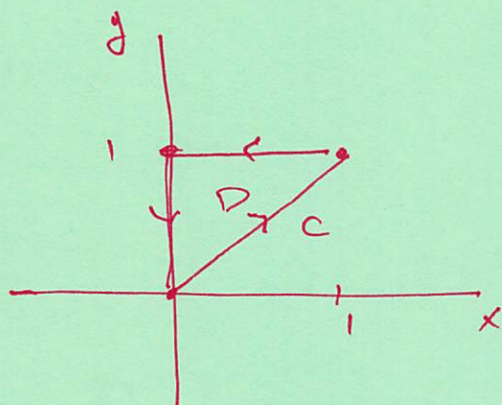
$$= -2\sqrt{2} \int_0^{2\pi} (1 - \cos^2 \theta) \sin \theta \, d\theta \cdot \left[ \frac{r^5}{5} \right]_0^1$$

$$= \frac{-2\sqrt{2}}{5} \int_1^1 (1 - u^2) (-du)$$

$$= 0.$$



$$\#14. \quad \vec{F} = \sqrt{x^2+1} \vec{i} + \tan^{-1} x \vec{j}$$



$$\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \iint_D \left( \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \tan^{-1} x - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \sqrt{x^2+1} \right) dA$$

$$= \iint_D \frac{1}{1+x^2} dA$$

$$= \int_0^1 \int_x^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{1-x}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \tan^{-1} x \Big|_0^1 - \int_1^2 \frac{1/2 du}{u}$$

$$= \pi/4 - 0 - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2 = \pi/4 - \frac{1}{2} \ln 2.$$