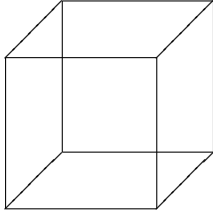


Quiz 8 – MA 123F – Tuesday, Nov. 16, 2010

Name:

Show your work.

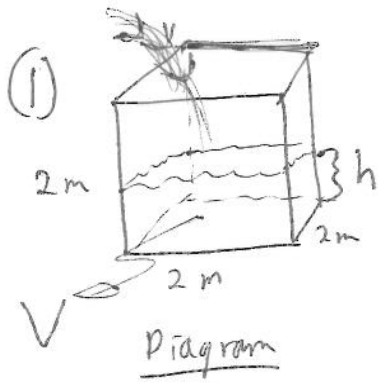
- (1) The pictured tank is shaped like a cube of side 2 m. It is being filled with water at a rate of $2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$. At what rate is the height of the water changing?



(2) Let $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{x^2+3}$.

- (a) Find all critical points of $f(x)$.
- (b) Find the absolute maximum and the absolute minimum of $f(x)$ on the interval $[-2, 2]$.

MA123F - Solutions to Quiz 8



Know: $\frac{dV}{dt} = 2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

Question: $\frac{dh}{dt} = ?$

Relation: $V = (2\text{m}) \cdot (2\text{m}) \cdot h = 4h \text{ m}^2$

so $\frac{dV}{dt} = (4 \text{ m}^2) \frac{dh}{dt}$

so $\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{1}{4 \text{ m}^2} \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{4 \text{ m}^2} 2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$

(Sanity check: It makes sense that the height is increasing (i.e. $\frac{dh}{dt} > 0$).

so $\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \text{ m/min}$

(2) (a) $f'(x) = \frac{(x^2+3) \cdot 1 - (x-1) \cdot 2x}{(x^2+3)^2} = \frac{x^2+3-2x^2+2x}{(x^2+3)^2} = \frac{-(x^2-2x-3)}{(x^2+3)^2}$

(i) $f'(x) = 0$: when $(x^2-2x-3) = 0$

" $(x-3)(x+1)$

so $x=+3$ & $x=-1$

(ii) $f'(x)$ undefined: denominator is never 0, so $f(x)$ defined everywhere

so critical points are $x=-1$ & $x=3$

(b) Table:

x	f(x)
-1	$\frac{-2}{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \text{min}$
-2	$\frac{-2-1}{7} = -\frac{3}{7}$
2	$\frac{2-1}{7} = \frac{1}{7} \rightarrow \text{max}$

[Note: $x=3$ is not in the table because it is not in $[-2, 2]$.]

so on $[-2, 2]$:

abs. max. at $x=2$ ($f(2) = \frac{1}{7}$)

abs. min. at $x=-1$ ($f(-1) = -\frac{1}{2}$)